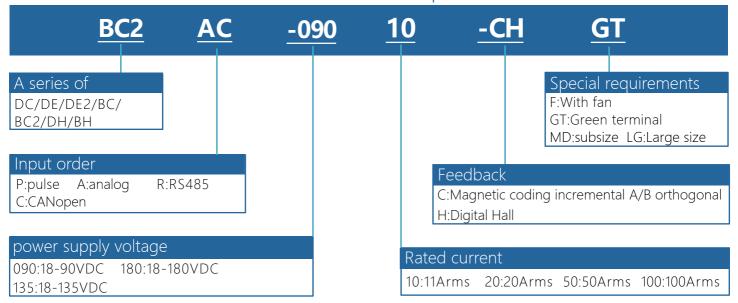


BC2 series brushless actuator instruction manual



BC2 series brushless drive model description



Attention to:

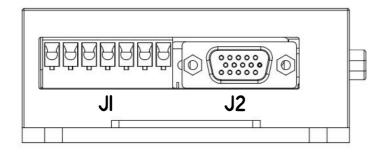
BC2 brushless drive specification summary table

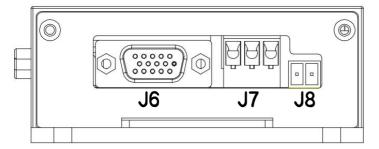
Driver model	service voltage	Rated current Arms	Peak current Apk6S rms	Feedback type	Overall dimensions	weight
BC2AC-09001-CH		1A	3A			
BC2AC-09002-CH		2A	6A			
BC2AC-09005-CH		6A	18A			
BC2AC-09008-CH	18-90VDC	8A	24A			
BC2AC-09010-CH	10 30 0 0 0	11.5A	34A]	144*88*36mm	0.35kg
BC2AC-09015-CH		16A	48A]		
BC2AC-09020-CH		21A	50A]		
BC2AC-09025-CH-MD		25A	50A			
BC2AC-18015-CH	18-180VDC	16A	48A]		
BC2AC-09025-CH-LG		25A	50A]	204*126*52mm	0.9kg
BC2AC-09035-CH	18-90VDC	35A	70A	Digital Hall		
BC2AC-09050-CH		50A	100A			
BC2AC-18025-CH	18-180VDC	25A	50A			
BC2AC-18035-CH	10-100100	35A	70A			
BC2AC-13550-CH	18-135VDC	50A	100A	Encoder ABZ		
BC2AC-09050-CHF	18-90VDC	50A	100A]	204*130*86mm	1.4kg
BC2AC-09070-CHF-MD	10-90VDC	70A	140A			
BC2AC-13550-CHF	18-135VDC	50A	100A			
BC2AC-09070-CH-LG		70A	140A	1	210+222+64 5	41.0
BC2AC-090100-CH	10,000/DC	100A	200A	_	310*232*64.5mm	4kg
BC2AC-090140-CHF	18-90VDC	140A	280A	1	240122214045	4.01
BC2AC-090200-CHF		200A	300A	1	310*232*104.5mm	4.8kg
BC2AC-18050-CH		50A	100A	1	24012221645	41
BC2AC-18070-CH	18-180VDC	70A	140A	1	310*232*64.5mm	4kg
BC2AC-180100-CHF		100A	200A	1		
BC2AC-135140-CHF	40.40	140A	280A	1	310*232*104.5mm	4.8kg
BC2AC-135180-CHF	18-135VDC	180A	300A	1		9

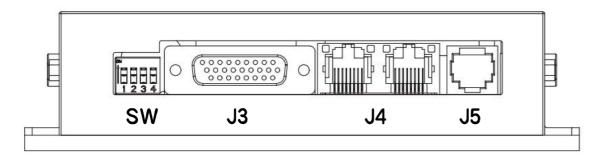
^{1.}The driver supply voltage must be greater than or equal to the rated voltage of the motor

^{2.}The rated current of the driver must be greater than or equal to the rated current of the motor

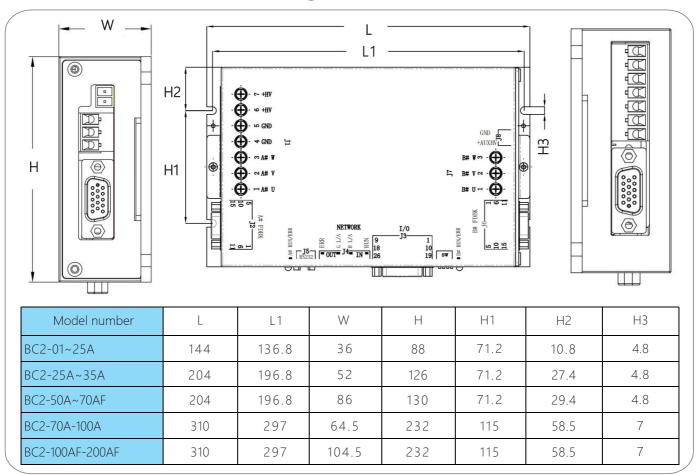
BC2 series terminal definition







BC series dimensions drawing



1. Product introduction:

1.1 An overview of the

The BC2 series Programmable Intelligent Brushless Drive is a versatile, high-performance, DC-powered, compact, all-digital brushless dual drive controller. It is mainly used in speed and torque control of permanent magnet brushless motor. Can support non-inductive and inductive (incremental encoder, digital hall).

1.2 Technical characteristics

- ◆•Control mode: speed, torque;
- ◆•Sampling frequency (time) Current loop: 16KHz(62.5us); Speed/position loop: 2KHz(500µs);
- ◆•Bandwidth: The current loop is generally 1.5kHz, which varies with parameter adjustment and load inductance:
- ◆•Programmable protection: over current, over voltage or under voltage, I²t, output short circuit, overload and other multi-directional protection functions;
- ◆ Drive motor type: DC brushless motor (inductive and non-inductive);
- ◆•Feedback: Digital Hall, incremental encoder (optional);
- ◆•Pulse response frequency up to 2MHz, with digital filtering function;
- ◆•RS232 serial interface, baud rate up to 115KB;
- ◆•CAN communication, compatible with CANopen DS-402, baud rate up to 1MHz;
- ◆•RS485 MODBUS RTU serial interface, baud rate up to 115KB (Only one RS485 or CAN can be selected);
- ◆•Power supply voltage: 18-90(135/180)VDC.



1.3 Brushless drive standard specification

			<u>'</u>	DIA/A/DC aggregation (10)/ aggle aggregation DC 40F A 40 DDI IC
		Command contr	ol mode	PWM(RC command)、±10V analogue、CANopen、RS485 MODBUS RTU
Sp			polarity	PWM=0∽100%, polarity=1/0
Speed			nonpolar	PWM=50% +/-50%,
СО	input	PWM	Frequency range	Minimum 1 kHz,maximum 100 kHz
control	signal	(RC command)	Minimum pulse width	220ns
		Analog	Voltage range	Input voltage range ±10V
		instruction	impedance	Differential input impedance =5K Ω
Curre		Command contr	ol mode	PWM、±10V analogue、CANopen、RS485 MODBUS RTU
Current control	input	Analog	Voltage range	Input voltage range ±10V
ntrol	signal	instruction	impedance	Differential input impedance =5 $K\Omega$
			Number of Ports	10 (IN4, IN5, IN9, IN10 are high-speed ports)
	Digit	al input IN	Signal format	NPN, PNP
0	5	ai iiiput iiv	Settable function	Servo enable, external reset, forward/reverse limit, motor stop, high-speed pulse input, etc.
signal			Number of Ports	6
<u>a</u>		output OUT	Signal format	NPN (low level active), can withstand maximum current 2A, maximum voltage 30V DC
			Settable function	Fault signal, lock control
	LED indicator		tor	Drive status indication, communication indication
		DC 222	Baud rate	9600-115200
		RS-232	agreement	Full duplex mode, ASCII or binary format
	Commun	i	Baud rate	20kbit/s-1Mbit/s
Function	cations	CAN	agreement	Canopen application layer DS-301V4.02
tion	functions		equipment	Dsp-402 device driver and motion control
		DC 405	Baud rate	9600-115200
		RS485	agreement	MODBUS RTU
		Protection function		Over voltage, over current, under voltage, overload, overheating, encoder abnormal protection
Use	installation location			Non-corrosive gas, flammable gas, etc
en e		altitude		Below 1000 m
∨iro		temperati	ure	0°C~+50°C
Use environment		humidity		5%~95%RH,No condensation of water droplets
ent	Resistance to vibration/impact			Less than 4.9m/s2/ less than 19.6m/s2

2. Definition of wiring port

2.1 Power input terminal J1 & J7

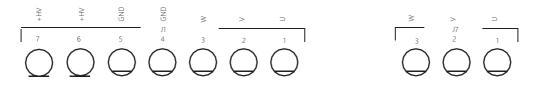


Figure 2.1 Eurogauge screw terminals

serial number	define	terminal	Wiring instructions
1	A#U	Motor power line U phase	
2	A#V	INIOTOL POWEL TILLE & PLIASE	Must be connected to the motor
3	A#W	Motor power line W phase	one by one according to the label
4\5	GND	Input power -	+18~90(135/180)VDC
6\7	+HV	Input power +	+10~90(155/160)VDC

J7

J1

serial number	define	terminal	Wiring instructions
1	B#U	Motor power line U phase	
2	B#V	I Motor power line v priase	Must be connected to the motor
3	B#W	Motor power line W phase	one by one according to the label

2.2 Motor encoder input terminal J2 & J6

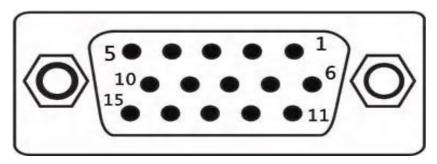


Figure 2.2 three rows of DB15 female seats

J2 A-axis encoder definition

pin	define	function	pin	define	function
1	NTC*	NTC resistance temperature	9	W+	Motor encoder W+ input
2	NTC*	sensor wiring (Analog input function 2 select 1)	10		
3	U+	Motor encoder U+ input	11	B-	Motor encoder B input
4	+5V	Motor signal line +5V	12	B+	Motor encoder B+ input
5	0V	Motor signal cable GND	13	Α-	Motor encoder A- input
6	V+	Motor encoder V+ input	14	A+	Motor encoder A+ input
7			15	IN3*	Temperature switch sensor wiring
8					

J6 B-axis encoder definition

pin	define	function	pin	define	function
1	NTC*	NTC resistance temperature	9	W+	Motor encoder W+ input
2	NTC*	sensor wiring (Analog input function 2 select 1)	10		
3	U+	Motor encoder U+ input	11	B-	Motor encoder B input
4	+5V	Motor signal line +5V	12	B+	Motor encoder B+ input
5	OV	Motor signal cable GND	13	Α-	Motor encoder A- input
6	V+	Motor encoder V+ input	14	A+	Motor encoder A+ input
7			15	IN8*	Temperature switch sensor wiring
8					

Note: 1. *If you need Need NTC resistance temperature sensor input function, order please indicate;

- 2. *If the temperature switch sensor input function is required, connect to pin 1 and pin 15, order please indicate
- 2.3 Control signal I/O terminal J3

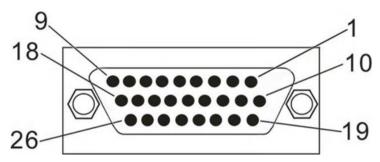


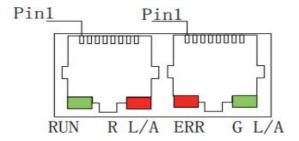
Figure 2.3 Three rows of DB26 female seats

	rigate 2.5 times lews of BB2s ferrials seats					
pin	define	function	pin	define	function	
19	OV	power ground	20	5V	5V output (100mA)	
	A axis				B axis	
1	A#AREF+	Analog positive input	10	B#AREF+	Analog positive input	
2	A#AREF-	Analog negative input	11	B#AREF-	Analog negative input	
3	A#IN1_GP	Hardware enable	12	B#IN6_GP	Hardware enable	
4	IN2_GP	custom	13	IN7_GP	custom	
5	IN3_GP	custom	14	IN8_GP	custom	
6	IN4_HS	custom	15	IN9_HS	custom	
7	IN5_HS	custom	16	IN10_HS	custom	
8	OUT1	custom	17	OUT4	custom	
9	OUT2	custom	18	OUT5	custom	
21	A#ENC_A	Motor encoder output signal A	24	B#ENC_A	Motor encoder output signal A	
22	A#ENC_B	Motor encoder output signal B	25	B#ENC_B	Motor encoder output signal B	
23	OUT3	custom	26	OUT6	custom	

Note: Only incremental encoders can output motor encoder signals.

2.4.1 CAN(RS485) communication terminal pin definition

The driver communication port has two kinds, one is the crystal head, the other is the 6p terminal, defined as follows



RJ45 is defined as follows:

pin	definition	function
1	CANH (RS485_A)	CANH signal(RS485_A)
2	CANL(RS485_B)	CANL signal(RS485_B)
3/7	C_GND	Communication power grounding

Note: The two RJ45 ports in J4/J5 are defined in the same way to facilitate bridging during communication.

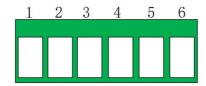
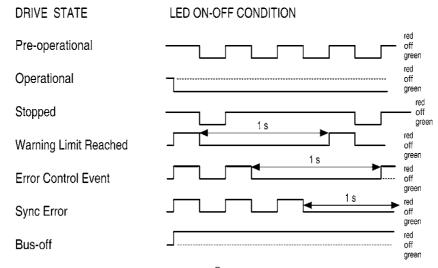


Figure 2.4.2 6P terminal

6P wiring terminals are defined as follows:

pin	definition	function
1	CANH (RS485_A)	CANH signal(RS485_A)
2	CANH (RS485_A)	CANH signal(RS485_A)
3	C_GND	communicatively
4	C_GND	communicatively
5 CANL(RS485_B)		CANL signal(RS485_B)
6 CANL(RS485_B)		CANL signal(RS485_B)

2.4.2 CAN Communication indicator



When CAN communicates:

Pilot lamp	status
L/A	Off = No link
, ,	On = The port is open and not active
(Displays link status and link activity)	Blinking on = The port is open and active
DLINI	Off = Initialize
RUN	Blinking = Before operation
(Display CAN communication status)	Single blinking = Stopped
(Display C. II Communication states)	Steady on = Running
	Off = No error, the communication is normal
	Blinking = Invalid configuration
ERR(Shows communication errors)	One blink = number of warning arrivals
Entitions continuation entries)	Blinking twice = A protection event or heartbeat
	event occurs
	Steady on = The CAN controller bus is off

2.4.3 CAN address DIP switch of the SW drive

When the external DIP switch is selected on the software, the DIP switch is valid. The dip is valid for the A-axis drive, and the CAN address of the B-axis is the A-axis address plus 1. The switch codes are based ON the BCD code sequence. The switch codes are valid when the dip switches are switched to ON.

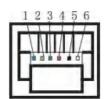


SW DIP switch indicates the station ID

SW switch number	Corresponding station number
1	1
2	2
3	4
4	8

For example, to set the station number to 3, that is, switch 1,2 of the SW switch to ON, 1+2=3; If you want to set the station number to 10, the SW switch 2, 4 to ON, 8+2=10

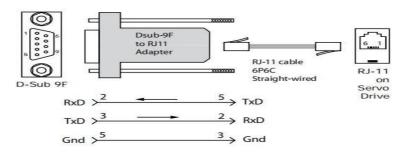
2.5 Serial communication terminal J5



pin	definition	function
2	RXD	RS232 communication receiver
3	GND	Communication power grounding
5	TXD	RS232 communication sender

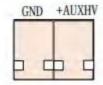
Figure 3.4 RJ11 6-pin crystal holder

The debugging line is shown in the following figure



2.6 Auxiliary power supply J8

The J8 port is the auxiliary power interface of the drive and can be connected if necessary. If connected, communication is maintained when +HV is disconnected from power +AUXHV is powered on, but there is no action when sending commands.



GND	0V		
+AUXHV	+24V (or ≤ mains voltage)		

2.7 AMP LED

A#AMP and B#AMP are the status indicators for the two axes of the drive, which may have the following states:

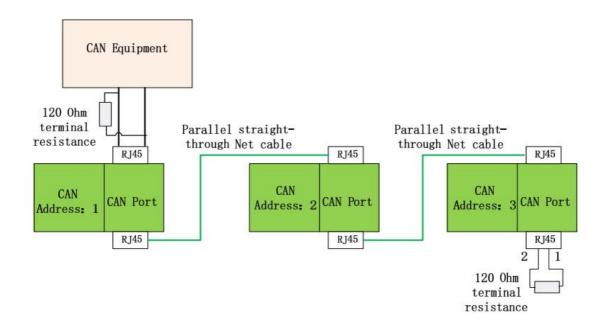
Green/no flash	drive is OK and enabled	
Green/Slow blinking	drive is OK but not enabled. After enabled, it can run	
Green/Flash Positive limit switch or negative limit switch is effective, the only move in the direction not prohibited by the limit swit		
Red/Fixed	Instantaneous failure, after troubleshooting amplifier restart operation	
Red/flashing	Red/flashing Lock the fault and restart the amplifier to resume operation	

3 Hardware wiring instructions

3.1 CAN bus(CANH, CANL, GND)

CAN bus is based on CAN V2.0B physical layer, CAN physical layer signals including CANH, CANL and GND, using CANopen protocol for communication. The electrical interface uses TJA1051 high-speed transceiver. The physical address range of CAN communication ranges from 0 to 127, with the default address being 0. Resetting or restarting the drive takes effect with an RS-232 communication port address change or external switch SW selection. Through the CAN communication interface, a very effective combination of high data rate and low cost multi-axis motion control system can be realized.

The CAN network can be connected as shown below:



3.2 Analog signal input(Ref+,Ref-)

±10Vdc differential analog input, maximum input voltage ±10Vdc, input impedance about 5.36k, resolution 12 bits. The analog signal can be used for torque and speed control.

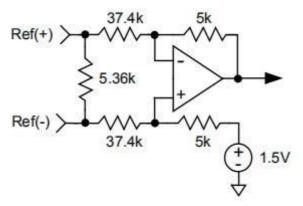
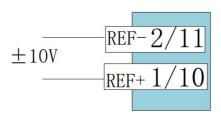


Figure 3.2.1 Analog hardware input circuit



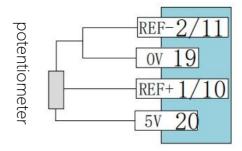


Figure 3.2.2 External power analog input cable

Figure 3.2.3 Internal power analog input wiring

3.3 Digital input signal

BC2 series brushless has 10 digital input ports,8 with programmable functions, drive power PWM output and safety enable fixed by IN1 and IN6 control, through this port can achieve the power circuit hardware off (off enable).

According to the port function of the controller and the hardware RC filtering time, the input signal ports are divided into universal input ports and high-speed input ports, and the function of each port can be changed by programming.

3.4 Universal input signal terminal

GP INPUTS 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8 24Vdc max 5V 1/1/0 [IN1] [IN2] [IN3] [IN6] [IN7] [IN8] 33nF

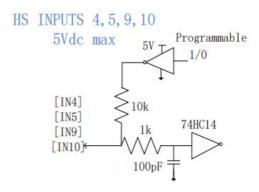


Figure 3.4.1 IN 1-IN 2 hardware input circuit

Figure 3.4.2 High speed port hardware input circuit

IN2, IN3, IN7, IN8 are universal input signal terminals, and the control logic and functions can be set by software. IN1,IN6 are fixed for the enable control of the drive, which takes effect through the software parameter setting high/low level.

3.5 High speed input signal terminals (IN4、IN5、IN9、IN10)

IN4, IN5, IN9, and IN10 are high-speed input terminals, which can be used not only as general purpose terminals, but also as high-speed pulse inputs with fixed pulse input ports.

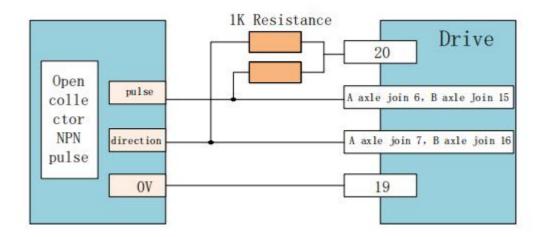


Figure 3.5.1 open-collector NPN pulse input diagram

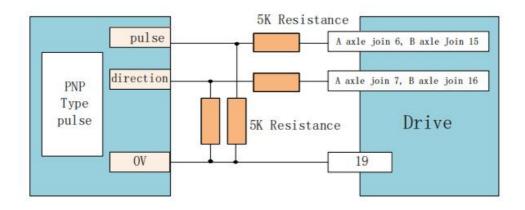


Figure 3.5.2 PNP pulse input diagram

3.6 Digital output signal

BC2 series driver has 6 digital output outlets (A,B axis 3 each), digital output IO port using MOSFET open output, internal through the diode series 1k resistor to pull up to 5V, the port can withstand voltage up to 24VDC, current can withstand up to 2A. The output function of the port can be changed according to internal programming.

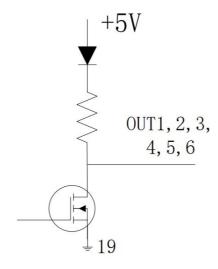


Figure 3.6.1 Digital output hardware circuit

3.6.1 Motor lock output wiring

The output outlet can be configured as the motor lock output, and the corresponding output outlet is configured as the lock output control on the adjusting software. In the case of no fault and the motor is enabled, the brake is energized to loosen the lock, and the brake power is quickly disconnected in the case of any fault to stop the motor. Since there is no continuous current diode in the circuit, it is necessary to connect the external current diode, if it is through the intermediate relay can not connect the current diode.

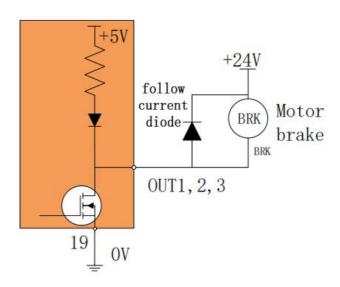
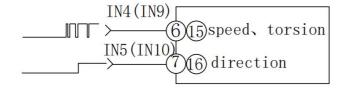


Figure 3.6.2 External circuit of motor lock brake

3.7 PWM signal input

The motor speed and torque can be controlled by PWM signal, including single-ended PWM duty cycle + direction signal and single-ended PWM duty cycle ±50% modulation.

3.7.1 Single-ended PWM duty cycle =0~100% pulse control 3.7.2 Single-end PWM duty cycle =50%±50% pulse control



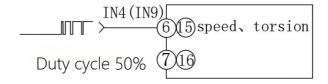


Figure 3.7.1 100% duty cycle + direction control

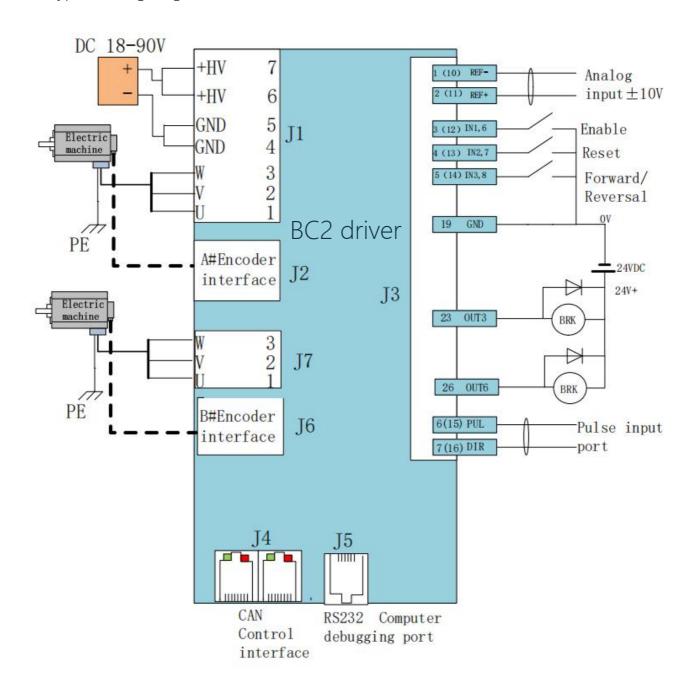
Figure 3.7.2 50%±50% duty cycle control

4 Driver parameter setting

BC2 series drive can be through RS232 serial port, through the tuning software can set parameters, monitor motor status, collect data waveform, etc. Complete system debugging quickly and intuitively. For details, see the debugging software instructions.

5. System wiring diagram

5.1 Typical wiring diagram



Contact Us

Shenzhen ONKE Technology Co.

Tel: 0755-27387873 27381841

Email: onke@sz-onk.com

Address: Block 13, Huaide Cuihu Industrial Park, Fuhai Street,

Baoan District, China

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Date	Version number	Revised content	
		Modify location	Modify content
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20250406	V0.2	P2	New Product Models